NEW PASSENGER POOL

Western Railways Propose Another Big Organization.

Scheme to Avoid the Demoralization That Attends Excursion Rates-A Year's Earnings.

There is some talk of the organization of a passenger pool, which is to have control of all business between the Allegheny and Rocky mountains. The Western roads will take the initiative in the mater and endeavor to secure the co-operation of the Eastern connection. The principal object in forming the pool will be to do away, if possible, with demoralization in rates which usually follow in the wake of the cheap tariff made for large conventions and important meetings of all kinds. The railroads claim that they lose every year hundreds of thousands of dollars in this way. The organization may take the form of a passenger excursion pool, but the scheme is not yet sufficiently de-veloped for this to be certain.

The Year's Railway Earnings.

The Financial Chronicle prints in a statement of increases and decreases in gross earnings of leading roads the following statements of roads in which the readers of the Journal are interested:

Increase,	
Illinois Central	
Decrease.	
Northern Pacific \$5,662,452 Missouri Pacific 2,695,407 Denver & Rio Grande 1,475,632 Louisville & Nashville 1,382,535 Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe (two	

Chicago & Great Western..... Toledo, St. Louis & Kansas City... Grand Rapids & Indiana (four roads 446,447 Baltimore & Ohio Southwestern Chicago & West Michigan...... 149,441 Chesapeake & Ohio..... Louisville, St. Louis & Texas...... 117,302 Columbus, Hocking Valley & Toledo 104,289

Pennsylvania Relief Department. The report of R. F. Smith, superintendent of the Pennsylvania voluntary relief department west of Pittsburg, shows that in December there was disbursed in death benefits resulting from accidents, \$3,716.69; from natural causes, \$5,900; in disablement benefits on account of accidents, \$5,973.20; on account of sickness, \$9,714.40; total, \$25,-304.29. These benefits were paid to 1,127 members or their proper representative. In the fifty-four months the department has been in operation there has been paid out in benefits or deaths from accidents, \$110,-466.69: on deaths from natural causes, \$285,-376: in disablement benefits from accidents, \$253,897.90; in sickness benefits, \$326,499.20; total, \$981,239.79. The death benefits numbered 640 and disablement benefits from accident and sickness, 45,280.

Personal, Local and General Notes. The receivers and a number of the bondholders of the Louisville, Evansville & St. Louis road are inspecting the property. I. H. Burgoon, late superintendent of the Terre Haute & Peorla, has been appointed superintendent of the Findlay, Fort Wayne

& Western. Eugene V. Debs, president of the American Railway Union, on Tuesday night organized a local union at Milwaukee, starting with 168 charter members. B. E. Moody, an old train dispatcher on the Panhandle lines, has been appointed

superintendent of the New York division

of the Erie, with headquarters at Jersey

The Louisville, Evansville & St. Louis is said to have more business than it has rolling stock to handle, and is pushing repairs on crippled equipment as fast as

City

J. E. Reeves, Southern representative of the Big Four, James Welch, representing the Union Pacific, and M. R. Warwick, of the Missouri Pacific, were in the city yesterdey on official business.

J. K. Lape, who has been appointed superintendent of motive power of the Louisville, Evansville & St Louis, was at one time master mechanic of the Beeline shops at Brightwood. W. C. Alvord, late general freight agent

of the Jacksonville Southeastern, is in the city. Should be become a freight official of the Big Four it will not be surprising, as he is a yery capable freight man. A company in which Indianapolis men are

interested has been organized to build a road, forty miles in length, from Washington, D. C., to Chesapeake Beach, a new pleasure resort, where an immense hotel is to be built at once. Master Mechanic McClurg, of the Peoria &

Eastern, is building a new passenger engine at the Urbana shops. It will be of the same type as the engines recently built for passenger service for this road by the Schenectady locomotive works. The Richmond locomotive works have

done so well in rebuilding ten of the conpolidated engines of the Peorla & Eastern that General Manager Barnard has contracted to have six more of the old I., B. & W. standard consolidated engines rebuilt.

The St. Louis & Iron Mountain now runs two trains daily each way between St. Louis and Hot Springs. Since E. A. Peck took charge as general superintendent of that road there has been a great growth of passenger business as a result of furnishing better train service. J. Q. Van Winkle, general superintendent,

the ten division superintendents, Chief En-gineer Kittredge, and the several engineers of maintenance of way of the Big Four, are holding a two days' conference at Cincinnati, in which President Ingalls takes part, to decide on improvements for the A gentleman who is well informed as to rate matters states that without question,

at Indianapolis, St. Louis, Peoria and Chicago, east-bound rates are firmly held, but he has ample evidence that on second and third-class freights, at certain less important shipping points, rebates are being paid

M. B. Cutter, division superintendent of the Baltimore & Ohio, with headquarters at Pittsburg, is, the Journal is informed, to resign and go to the Southern Pacific. At the time C. P. Huntington (who owns largely the Southern Pacific road) controlled the Newport News & Mississippi Valley, Mr. Cutter was general superintendent of that

Secretary Jackson, of the Union Railway Company, is anxious that steps should be taken at once to organize a railroad branch of the Young Men's Christian Association at Indianapolis. Several of the officials of the lines running in here have expressed willingness to assist in the matter, and just now good rooms for such an association can

be furnished in the Union Station. During the two years that Sumner Col-Mns was general superintendent of the Monon the employes on the line became much attached to him, and on Sunday a committee of each department, with George Lowell, now general superintendent the Monon, met in Chicago and presented Mr. Collins with an elegant silver service and a magnificent lamp, the gifts cost-

Without question the Louisville, Evans-ville & St. Louis will in due time be sold at foreclosure sale, and will likely pass into strong hands. Parties interested in the Wabash road are said to have shown considerable interest in the future of the road. Those well informed say that a large sum of money must be expended before the road will sell at a sum greater than the first mortgage bonds. Within the next twenty-five years this road will doubtless be a good property on a reasonable in-

The transcontinental lines will hold an important conference with the Western Passenger Association, at Chicago, to-day. The question of allowing a differential to the Canadian Pacific on business which reaches San Francisco by water is one which directly interests the lines of the association and their ratification is a necessary part of the programme in granting the differential. The Canadian Pacific may get the differential, but there are lines which are opposed to allowing it, and one or two of them will make a hot fight against the proposition.

Financially speaking, the Ohio Southern is said to be in a bad way. The building of the Lima extension and lavish expenditures for equipment, it is stated, have brought about such results. The company has purchased some 3,000 box and coal cars; in fact, it has so many cars that it depends on connections form of scrofula, salt rheum, boils and for side tracks when the cars are not in other diseases caused by impure blood. It service, and as it is only a coal road the | tones and vitalizes the whole system. box cars, hundreds of them, are standing on side tracks of other roads idle. and coal | Hood's Pills are easy and gentle in effect.

traffic is so light that many of the company's coal cars are idle. Threats, it is stated, are being made by creditors at Springfield, O., to force the road into the

hands of a receiver. A statement of the business of the Pittsburg, Cincinnati, Chicago & St. Louis railroad, including the Little Miami, for the month of December, has just been issued by Secretary Liggett. As compared with the same month in 1892 there was a de-crease in gross earnings of \$152,047.85, a decrease in expenses of \$138,939.10 and a decrease in net earnings of \$13,108.75. The twelve months of 1893, as compared with 1892, show a decrease of \$417,759.41 in gross earnings, a decrease of \$337,132.19 in expenses and a decrease in net earnings of

The Cincinnati, Hamilton & Dayton general officers, who were in the city a couple of days examining matters in relation to the company's Indianapolis terminals, returned to Cincinnati last evening. General Manager Green is pleased with this city and is disposed to make improvements here which will be a credit to the company and add to the already superior facilities which roads centering here enjoy. The Union Station, the Big Four new freight depots, and those of the Pennsylvania lines are second to none in the country, and the C., H. & D. people are anxious to fall into line in this respect. L. A. Boyd is now permanently mentioned for the general superintendent of the Union Railway Company and Belt road, and, although the twenty-ninth applicant for the position, is said to stand an excellent chance of being selected. His record on the Indianapolis, Decatur & Western was an excellent one, and he is good all-round railroad man. It has leaked out that both the Big Four and the Pennsylvania companies have their candidates, and that rather than have any feeling over the matter they will join with the leasing lines and select an outside man In conversation with officials of the Cincinnati, Hamilton & Dayton, the Monon and with the Big Four people, Mr. Boyd is spoken of as an excellent man for the

MR. DOLE'S FOLLOWING

Hawaii's Provisional President Could Not Be "Prayed to Death."

He Gained Strength by Thwarting a Superstition-Interesting Talk by a Late Visitor to Honolulu.

Miss Alice Chapin, formerly a kindergarten teacher in this cay, is visiting her sister, Mrs. Townsend, on Ash street. Miss Chapin gave up teaching here on account. of ill health and went to Denver some years ago, and from there she went to Honolulu to visit relatives. She went in time to witness the great eruption of Mauna Loa, and while there she traveled extensively in the islands. Several of her cousins have married into the families of the men who are now prominent in the government of the islands and, visiting among them, she had particular facilities in becoming somewhat acquainted with the condition of affairs. Miss Chapin expresses the opinion that it is best for the United States to annex the islands as they will certainly come into possession of one of the great nations within the next three years. When the revolution occurred in 1887, the King signed the new Constitution and acceded to all that was asked of him. From that time he was King in name only, as even the laws that were passed were of no effect when signed by him unless they were signed by the members of the Cabinet. The Queen has no party or following among the natives. Her only party is composed of the poor whites of the islands. The reason the natives do not care for the Queen is because she is not of royal descent and because she is said to be the daughter of a common barber. Mr. Blount knew all that went on in the palace and the affairs that occurred there will prevent her ever reigning. The relations between San Francisco and Honolulu are very friendly and President Dole has been offered the service of one thousand or more men, who have offered to serve without charge, to keep the Queen from the throne. There is a strong missionary element in the islands and the natives have almost all been con-verted so that they and the whites are very favorable to the provisional govern-

Among the interesting descriptions of custems which Miss Chapin gave was the one of the "praying to death." The natives are very superstitious and when one declares that another will die at a certain time, the condemned man becomes so scared that he is apt to die of fear. The exercise of "praying one to death" is often performed and when one person tells another that he will "pray him to death," the "prayed" man is apt to die within three weeks. When President Dole came into acknowledged power he was threatened with being prayed to death, and when the allotted time of three weeks had expired and he was still as much alive as ever, the people thought that he was bewitched. This fact evidently gave him a stronger following than he would have had otherwise. A queer custom practiced there is the giving away of the bables. It often happens that when one person goes to a house where there is a new baby and remarks that it is a fine child and makes a wish to have it, the mother and father of the child think that they ought to give that person the child, and it is often sent to the visitor. Miss Chapin is an interesting talker and has very much to relate of her exriences in the Islands. Yesterday she talked of Hawaii before the members of the Fortnightly Club, at the residence of Mrs. Charles W. Fairbanks.

HAS ONE REDEEMING QUALITY.

A Marauder Visited a Laundry and Changed His Linen.

For several weeks Manager Somerville, of the Union Co-operative Laundry, has been annoyed by the queer pranks of an eccentric individual. The annoyance began a short time before Christmas. One morning the employes found on the counter of the laundry office a suit of soiled linen, which had evidently been discarded during the night. Investigation revealed the loss of an entire suit of freshly laundried underwear. The owner of the soiled garments had evidently entered the laundry, threw off his old linen and put on new. A week later the act was repeated, and the garments stolen the week before were found on the floor. They were put in the wash and nicely laundried, but on Christmas eve were exchanged again by the night visitor, who left his old clothes as before. Regularly once a week the laundry has been visited by the strange fellow, and a few days ago Manager Somerville decided to capture him if possible. He employed William Conklin, a former member of the police department, to watch the place. Conklin kept nightly vigils without success until last night. He secreted himself in the rear, and about midnight heard a noise at one of the back windows. Soon the sash was raised and a man climbed over the ledge. Conklin allowed the prowler to light the gas and remove his coat before he made his presence known. At his command, "Throw up your hands," the thief speedily obeyed. He was sent to the station nouse, where he gave the name of Harry Sneeder. He was recognized as a bad char acter by the police. Although he denies the charge, Conklin believes that he is the establishment's mysterious customer.

CITY NEWS NOTES.

Rev. Dr. Sims, of Meridian-street Methodist Church, will preach to the inmates of the Reformed School for Girls and Woman's Prison, next Sunday afternoon. This evening Gen. Thomas J. Morgan, Commissioner of Indian Affairs under President Harrison's administration, will lecture at Y. M. C. A. Hall, on "Roman Catholic Indian Education."

The billiard tournament at the Union League Club parlors was continued dast evening, the contestants being C. M. Wil-bur and Harry Conklin. The latter won by a score of 100 to 78.

Dr. C. I. Fletcher will read a paper on "A Trip to Mexico," before the Sydenham Society. Saturday evening. The society meets at 8 o'clock in the lecture room of the Medical College of Indiana, No. 41 South Penn-sylvania street, and the public is invited.

Prevention Is Better Than cure, and those who are subject to rheumatism can prevent attacks by keeping the blood pure and free from the acid which causes the disease. You can rely upon Hood's Sarsaparilla as a remedy for rheumatism and catarrh; also, for every

Judge Baker's Important Ruling in a Street Improvement Case.

Mere Publication of Ordinance Not Sufficient-Applies to Town Councils-Fee and Salary Brief.

The Michigan Central Railroad Company has won the first bout in its legal wrestling match with the city of Hammond, Judge Baker, in the federal court, yesterday afterroon, temporarily enjoined the latter corporation, and Kinser & Son, contractors, from collecting \$11,000 from the railroad company for the improvement of Plummer avenue, in Hammond. The company owns a frontage of a mile and a fifth on the street named, which was macadamized not long ago. They resisted the collection of the special tax assessment on their property, charging that they were not given due notice of the improvement, and that the action of the Council was therefore void. Their motion was argued before Judge Baker, in chambers yesterday, Winston and Meagher, of Chicago, and J. B. Collins, of Michigan City, appearing for the railroad company, and John T. Beasley and John E. Lamb, of Terre Haute, and Robert Gregory, of Hammond, for the city.

In his decision sustaining the position of the company, the judge began by saying that it was a proposition well settled in every judicial tribural thatif the Council of a town or city proceeded within the scope of its jurisdiction its action could not be assailed. A mere irregularity or small error will not vitiate such action. The question is raised by the railroad company whether the Council's proceeding in this case is not void by reason of the failure of that body to publish a notice of its intended action in the newspapers ten days prior to letting the contract. The statutes expressly provide that such publication shall be made in the case of improvements of this character. The attorneys for the city claim that the publication of the ordinance itself is sufficient notice, and that if such publication is made the law is complied with. The judge, after the above brief review of the contentions of the attorneys in the case, said he entertained no doubt of the meaning of the statute in question. He thought that councils were often prone to enter upon public improvements indiscriminately, and said the Legislature intended when they made this declaratory resolution law that the members of a council should state under oath that they believed a proposed improvement necessary. The law then provides that all the interested parties shall be given notice so they can resist the improvement if desirable. This Judge Baker regarded as a material condition, and said that the statute was mandatory and intended for the protection of private interests. The question was, does the evidence show compliance with this law? The judge held that it did not, and that the Council passed the ordinance either in ignorance of the statute or in contempt of it. Ten days' notice is expressly provided by law, and that notice shall name a time and place where property owners shall be given time to argue the necessity or otherwise of the improvements. "To say that the mere publication of the ordinance," concluded the judge, "with nothing more, is a substantial compliance with the statute, or even an attempt to comply, is not so to my mind. My own judgment is that the Council started out either ignorant of the provisions of Section 2 of this statute, or with the deliberate purpose of disregarding it. Judge Baker said there was a distinction between the necessity of an improvement and a mere matter of taste or public vanity. He granted the preliminary injunction asked for and said it would remain in force until the final hearing, the date for which he would announce later.

FILED ANOTHER BRIEF.

Messrs. Lamb and Beasley Further Attack the Fee and Salary Bill. Mesrs. Lamb and Beasley, of Terre Haute, representing the county officers, or, more particularly, Sheriff Stout, of Vigo county, in his suit in the Supreme Court to have the fee and salary law declared unconstitutional, filed a supplemental brief in that

"The point is made in argument," say the attorneys, "that the relator, Stout, the appellee here, cannot question the validity of the law involved in this appeal, because the law is complete as to the sheriffs, and therefore the sheriffs cannot complain because, as to some other office, the law is local, special and unconstitutional. The real question is, can the relator raise the question as to the constitutionality of this law in a suit to mandate the Auditor of State to compel him to pay the relator for fees earned under a former and the only valid law under which he can pay at all if the act of 1891 is unconstitutional? Sheriff Stout, the appellee, is not com-

plaining in this suit because the auditor of Shelby county under the act of 1891 is not allowed any compensation for his official services, but is contending that the law of 1891 is unconstitutional and void, not alone because it is local and special by reason of the omission of Sheiby county, but for other reasons discussed in the briefs and oral argument."

The appellee insists, through his attorneys, that because of the unconstitutionality of this law, the law of 1879 is in force, and he is entitled to the compensation for services rendered under that law just the same as if the one of 1891 had never been passed The attorneys hold that no court, so far as they can discover, has ever held that any citizen or officer injured or affected in person or property rights may not test the con-stitutionality of any law which, by its terms, shall injure him in person and property. The act of 1891 provides a schedule of fees for sheriffs; the one of 1879 provides a greater compensation for the same service. Now, Sheriff Stout asks for compensation under the last named act rather than the one which he claims is unconstitutional. He is injured to just the extent of the difference between the amount of fees prescribed by the two acts, and is privileged to raise the question of the unconstitutionality of the one which so injures him. In the oral argument and printed brief they have endeavored to show that if this law is unconstitutional in any part, it must be held invalid as a whole, because it is so interblended and connected in its pro-visions that it must stand or fall together. It is practically conceded in argument that the law is unconstitutional so far, at least, as it affects auditors, recorders and treasurers, by reason of the omission to provide for compensating these officers in Shelby county. Assuming that the Supreme Court cannot, under the authorities, but hold the law unconstitutional, to that extent will the court say it can be upheld so far as it fixes a schedule to be charged by sheriffs and clerks and the salary to be received by these officers in various counties of the State, and that as to auditors, recorders and treasurers it is unconstitutional and

"Would it not be doing violence to every rule of statutory construction and the manifest intent and purpose of the Legislature, the brief concludes, "to say that body would have passed this law in its terms knowing that when so passed it would be stricken down so far as it applies to county auditors, recorders and treasurers, but permitted to stand so far as it affects sheriffs and clerks? It may also be added, first, that where, as here, there is a constitutional staute under which warrants can be drawn, the Auditor of State has no right or power to draw warrants under any other; second, that the Auditor of State expressly asserted, in response to the relator's demand, a right to compel him to accept warrants under a void statute, and this the former had no power to do."

THE COURT RECORD.

Superior Court. Room 1-James M. Winters, Judge.

James Striebeck & Co. vs. John Bly, et al.; mechanic's lieu. Finding for plaintiff, John Coburn, for \$288.68. George H. McCaslin vs. Jacob M. Brown et l.; foreclosure. Judgment for plaintiff for Northeast Savings and Loan Association vs. Ira M. Mendenhall et al.; foreclosure. Judgment for plaintiff for \$2,300,65. The McElwaine-Richards Company vs. the Albany Land Company; acount. Judgment for plaintiff for \$845.15. Room 2-J. W. Harper, Judge.

George W. Keyser vs. Abraham Jacobs: appeal from justice of the peace. Tried by court. Finding and judgment for plaintiff George Burns vs. Bessie Finn et al.; mechanic's lien. Cause dismissed by plaintiff. Costs paid. Julius Keller et al. vs. John Martin et al.; sidewalk assessment. Cause dismissed by

mechanic's lien. On trial by court. Room 3-Pliny W. Bartholomew, Judge. Martha J. Neighbours vs. City of Indianapolls; damages. On trial by jury. George W. Smith vs. William E. Mick;

Charles Mackey vs. William Crome et al.;

plaintiff. Costs paid.

MUST SERVE NOTICE appeal from Habich, J. P. Dismissed at Circuit Court.

Edgar A. Brown, Judge. William H. English vs. George Daupert et al.; foreclosure. Judgment against defend-ant George Daupert for \$643.36 and decree of

Henry L. Smith, trustee, vs. Robert H. Alexander; account. Judgment in favor of plaintiff for \$17.25.

Charles W. DePauw vs. Premier Steeel Company; intervening petition of Iroquois Furnace Company. On trial by court. Criminal Court.

Millard F. Cox. Judge. State vs. Frank Moran; housebreaking with intent to steal. Jury returned verdict of not guilty. Defendant discharged.

State vs. Mamie Huey; grand larceny and receiving stolen goods. On trial by jury.

New Suits Filed. Frank R. New vs. Rhoda Ann Tressler; to quiet title. Superior Court, Room 1. Minnie R. Lang, guardian, vs. William C. Lang et al.; to construe will. Circuit Court,

POULTRY SHOW PREMIUMS.

Sale of Butter To-Day for Benefit of Flower Mission.

The poultry show is drawing to a close, It continues to-day and to-morrow only. This afternoon the butter exhibits, 100 pounds in all, will be offered for sale, the proceeds to go to the Flower Mission. Tonight the annual meeting of the Indiana Poultry Association will be held at the agricultural rooms in the Statehouse. Tomorrow will be children's day at the poultry show, when all children under twelve will be admitted free. The attendance continues good. Premiums were yesterday awarded as follows:

White Leghorns: William Tobin, of Indianapolis-Cock, second; cockerel, first, third and fourth; pullet, first, tie for second; hen, second and third; breeding pen, second and third.

J. J. Burnsides, of Milligan, Ind.—Cock, first; hen, first and fourth; pullet, tie on second, third; cockerel, second; breeding pen, first and fourth. W. H. McLain & Son, of Greenwood, Ind. -Pullet, tie on fourth.

Black Langshans: Ed M. Maish, of Frankfort, Ind.—Cock, fourth; hen, first, third and fourth; cockerel, first, second, third and fourth; pullet, first, second, third and fourth; breeding pen, first, second and third.
Tim Campbell, of Darlington, Ind.—Hen, second; breeding pen, fourth

Black Cochins: B. F. Hill, of Indianapolis-Cock, fourth; hen, first; pullet, first, second and fourth; cockerel, first, second and third; breeding Krauss Brothers, of Indianapolis-Cockerel, fourth; pullet, third. Henry Allen, of Bloomingdale, Ind .- Hen, second, third and fourth; breeding pen,

White Cochins: S. D. Gear, of Thorntown, Ind.-Hen, first, second and third; pullet, first and Fudge Peterson, of Xenia, O.—Cockerel, second; pullet, second and fourth; breeding second:

Indian Game: Joseph Cunningham, of Macy, Ind .- Cockerel, first. E. N. Maish, of Frankfort, Ind.-Cook first and second; cockerel, second, third and fourth; hen, first, second, third and fourth; pullet, first, second, third and fourth; breeding pen, first and second.

Black African Bantam: Tim Campbell, of Darlington, Ind.-Cock, second: pullet, first. Golden Seabright Bantam: Frank R. Hale, of Shelbyville-Cockerel, first; pullet, first.

Rose-combed Leghorns: T. M. Smiley, of Milligan, Ind.-Cockerel, first; pullet, first and second. The butter premiums were: First, Mrs. D. A. Stoner, Rensselaer; second Laura Sander, West Newton; third, A. M. McCoy, Rensselaer; fourth, Lizzie Harrison, Noblesville; fifth, Mrs. M. A. Dugan, Maywood; sixth, Mrs. P. Cummins, Plymouth; seventh, Mrs. M. Armstrong, Moral; eighth, Mrs. William A. Black, Philadelphia; ninth, Mrs. T. M. Louden, Salem; tenth, Mrs. Sophia Repper, Syracuse; eleventh, Mrs. Inez Brown, Greenwood; twellth, Mrs. H. E. Smock, Philadelphia; thirteenth, Mrs. Emma Hop-kins, Galveston; fourteenth, Mrs. H. C. Eubanks, Yeddo; fifteenth, Mrs. Milo James, Warsaw; sixteenth, Mrs. D. L. Gibson, Plymouth; seventeenth, Mrs. O. P. Phillips, Amo.

PERSONAL AND SOCIETY.

Mrs. A. L. Varney left yesterday for Rock Island, Ill., to visit friends. Judge and Mrs. Baker will reside at the Denison during the rest of the winter. Mrs. M. A. Bullock and daughter, Miss Angle, are spending the winter in Cali-Miss Laura Halliday, of Cairo, Ill., is the guest of Mrs. S. E. Fishback, No. 378 Ash street. Miss Havens, of Ohio, is the guest of

Mrs. Charles N. Thompson on North Pennslvania street. Miss Nora Johnson, of Greencastle, who has been visiting Miss Anna Dunlop and Mr. and Mrs. Wilson Morrow, returned home yesterday.

The German Literary Club will meet with Mrs. J. R. Lilly, on Friday, and listen to a paper by Mrs. Dr. Wagner on the life of Zschokke. General conversation will Mrs. C. L. Morris will not be at home to friends on Friday evening, her usual evening at home. She has gone to the bedside of her sister, Mrs. M. M. Markland, who is

very ill in Kokomo. The play "The Loan of a Lover," which is to be given one week from to-night by the members of the Dramatic Club, will be repeated the following evening for the benefit of the Free Kindergarten. The ladies of the first section of the Society of Central-avenue Methodist Episcopal Church will hold their January tea this afternoon, from 2 till 5, at the residence

of Mrs. George Merritt Chandler, 305 The Free Kindergarten and Children's Aid Society will give their Midway Plaisance tea one week from to-day, at the residence of Mrs. E. G. Cornelius, on North Meridian street. The ladies of the third section are the entertainers, and Mrs. Pink, one of the number interested in the work of the kindergartens, has been to Cincinnati to attend a like entertainment, which was given there, and some of the ideas which she gathered there will be used in the tea next week.

About forty friends met last evening at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Hewitt Howland, on North Meridian street, and listened to the reading of a paper on "The Study of Perfection," which Miss Caroline Howland read before the Woman's Club two weeks ago. The paper is one of the best ever read at the club, and since that afternoon Miss Howland has been repeatedly asked to read the paper for private gatherings. The friends last evening were delighted with it, as others have been, and Miss Howland was highly complimented for it.

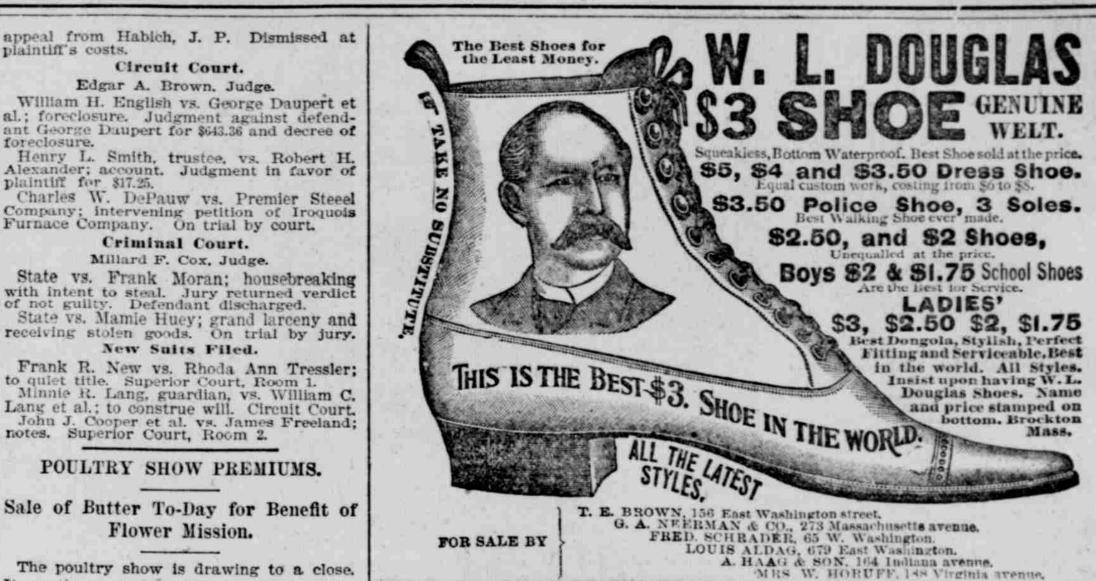
Mrs. Arthur N. Dwyer was the hostess for a delightful New England party yesterday afternoon, which she gave in honor of her mother, Mrs. Swain, and her aunt, Mrs. Eldridge, of Massachusetts. The guests were the members of the Over-the-Teacups Club, of which Mrs. Dwyer is a member. When the guests arrived they met the guest of honor, and as they were asked to bring their needlework, most of them had complied. The first hour was spent in work and conversation. The hostess announced that there was a gift for every one to be found in the several rooms. These gifts were pin-holders of cellulled tied with green ribbons, the colors of the club, and on the case was the name of the guest and the name of an appropriate New England subject. The cases were in all sorts of places, and after they were all found the guests were asked to speak about the subject on their cases. The result was a very happy one, as the ladies entered into the spirit of the idea. There were songs, recitations, anecdotes and many bright sayings. Some of the subjects were "New England Men of Letters," "The Typical Yankee," New England Periodicals," "The One-hoss Shay," "The Boston Tea Party," "New England Anecdotes,"
"The Puritan," "Boston Culture" and
"The New England School," The refreshments were also of New England dishes and the decorations were unique. There were portieres of cranberries and pop-corn and jack o' lanterns on the mantels. The entertainment was novel and exceed-

ingly enjoyable. VAN METER-CRAIG. Special to the Indianapolis Journal. MATTOON, Ill., Jan. 18.-Miss Ina Craig, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. James W. Craig. and John Van Meter were married at the bride's home to-day. The groom is from Charleston. They departed at 3 o'clock for New Orleans, and will visit the California midwinter fair before returning.

VAN TILBERG-SCHREINER. Special to the Indianapolis Journal. ELKHART, Ind., Jan. 18.-James Van Tilberg and Miss Florence Schreiner, a prominent young couple, were united in marriage by Rev. J. H. Jackson, of the First M. E. Church, this afternoon.

Responsibility of Congress. New York World (Dem.) The issue of bonds is a foregone conclusion. All that Congress can do is to

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authorize the Secretary to save the country millions of dollars by issuing cheaper bonds than those authorized by the act of 1875. If it does not act and act promptly, it alone will be chargeable with an unnecessary extravagance in borrowing,

THE TRAIN WAS SAVED.

And All Because of a Deaf Passenger's Remark. Chicago Tribune.

The bleak winds howled through the mountain gorges and drove the snow in blinding clouds that eddied and swirled among the tree tops and down the steep declivities, and hid from sight the yawning chasms, the rocky cliffs, the dizzy precipices and the seams and gashes that marred the face of the rent and rugged landscape. Puffing and panting up the grade, its clouds of smoke and steam mingling unseen with the frosty breath of the storm king, came the engine that pulled the lightning express with its load of west-bound passengers. Along the mountain side, now rum-bling over the iron trestles spanning some fathomless gorge, and anon plunging through some cavernous snowshed that stretched its protecting roof over the lines of steel which marked the mighty transcontinental highway, sped the train of palace cars. And the wind blew in gusty squalls, and roared as if in savage glee at the helplessness of man arrayed in conflict with the forces of nature.

At a lonely station near the summit the train came to a sudden halt. The door of the forward passenger coach was thrown violently open, and five or six "The first man that moves a finger," said the leader of the gang, in a deep, hoarse voice, "is a dead man." Half way down the car a lady, whose hearing was imperfect, had been engaged in

an animated conversation with fellow-traveler. She had not noticed the stoppage of the train, and in the stillness that followed the harsh command of the train-robber her voice rose clearly and distinctly. "Last October," she said, "when I was at the world's fair-With howls of rage and despair the murderous villains turned in their tracks, fled with frantic, desperate haste, and in a moment had vanished in the raging storm

The Risk to the Man.

outside. The train was saved.

Boston Transcript. It is proper that woman should not be the proposing party in the question-popping business. The chances are that, should a lady ask the hand of a gentleman in marriage and he respond favorably, the lady would say, "Thanks. I was only ask-ing for a friend. I'm fully supplied my-self."

The Wall Did Not Suffer.

Hartford Courant. Having butted his head against a stone wall, and having observed-greatly to his surprise-that it isn't the wall that has suffered from that impact, Mr. Cleveland is at last willing to let Congress have something to say again about the foreign policy of this country.

The Dear Girls.

Marie-He proposed the third time we Mamie-I knew that he could not have known you long.

Grover's Lament. New York Sun. "Oh, Thurber, Thurber, had I but served my country as I have served my Queen, I should not now be left i' the lurch and den-

The Grip Has Taken a Fresh Grip. Physicians prescribe a pure stimulant, 'Old Process' whisky meets every requirement. Sold only by druggists.

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to consumption are ailments we often deem trivial-a cold and a cough. Consumption thus acquired is rightly termed "Consumption from neglect."

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Notice is hereby given that, on the 9th

day of February, 1894, at 10 o'clock a. m., the board of directors of the State prison at Michigan City, Ind., will let to the highand best bidder the labor three hundred convicts, or many as any bidder may desire, for a term not exceeding five years from the 20th day of February, 1894. All bids must sealed and filed with the warden of said prison on or before the day and hour specified. The kind of labor pro-posed must be stated. The bids must be for so much for each able-bodied man per day, and must state the number of men desired. Successful bidders must file good and sufficient bonds according to law for faithful performance of such contracts. The board expressly reserves the right to reject any and all bids. Ample shop room and good discipline are guaranteed. For further particulars call on or address, J. W. FRENCH, Warden. Michigan City, Ind.

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